

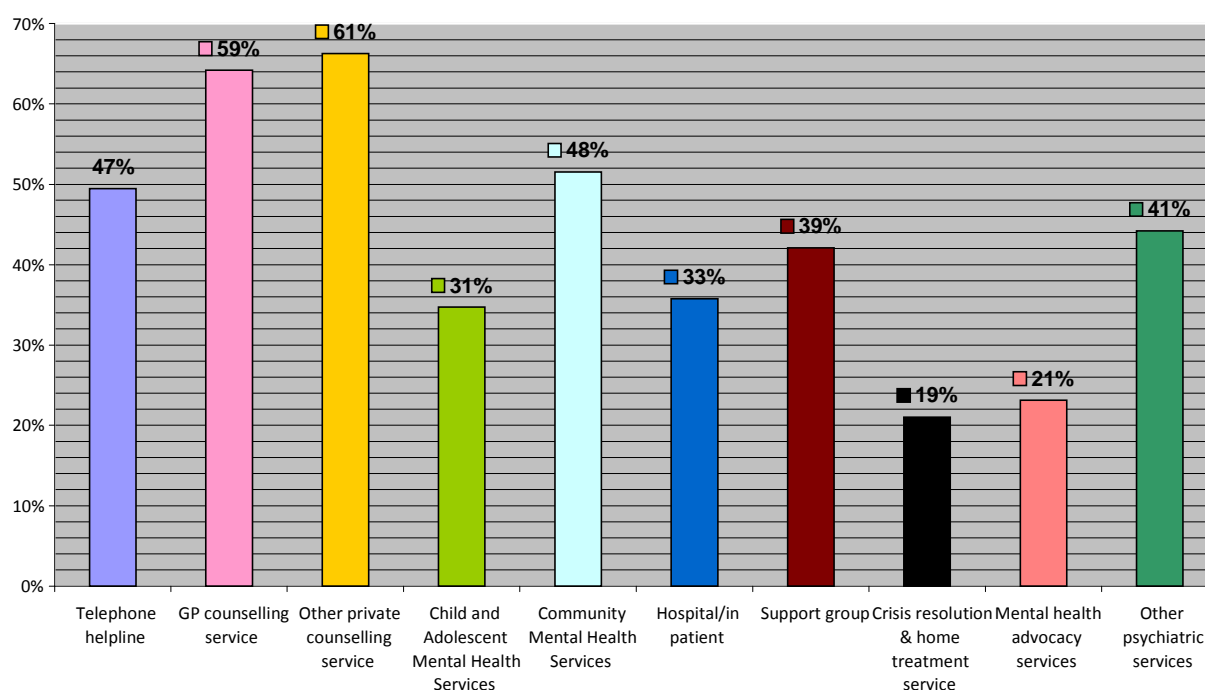
# Double Stigma: The needs and experiences of lesbian, gay and bisexual people with mental health issues living in Wales 2009.

## Summary Report Errata-

### Page 7:

The table below shows the range of mental health services that 95 respondents have accessed<sup>1</sup>. The most accessed services were private counselling (61%, n= 64), followed closely by GP counselling (59% n=62). Just under half have accessed telephone helplines (47%, n=49), and support groups (39%, n= 41). Thirty one percent (n= 33) have accessed CAMHS, 48% (n=50) accessed a Community Mental Health Team (CMHT) and (19%, n=20) crisis resolution and home treatment services. Roughly one third have accessed hospital or been an inpatient (33%, n= 35). Forty one percent (n=43) have accessed other unspecified psychiatric services and (21%, n= 22) mental health advocacy services.

**Table 4: Mental health services accessed by 95 survey respondents**



### Page 11: Advocacy and Access

Of those who were 'out' about their sexual orientation and perceived that they were discriminated against in their treatment (i.e. n=29), 79% of these (n=23) indicated their experiences impacted or were likely to impact on their level of openness about their sexual orientation when accessing mental health services. Seventy six percent (n= 22) also indicated it impacted or was likely to impact on their willingness to access mental health

<sup>1</sup>NB: of the 95 respondents who have accessed or access mental health services, 85% access(ed) more than one service.

services. Some respondents were unaware of how to complain, or said they would be cautious to complain if they were dissatisfied with the treatment they were receiving. Just under a quarter (21%, n=22) of the 95 respondents who have accessed mental health provision said they have also accessed mental health advocacy.

**Page 12- Paragraph 1:** 51% thought to 'some degree' or 'very much'.

**Page 14-**

**Paragraph 4:** Our survey found just under half have accessed telephone helplines (47%) and support groups (39%).

**Paragraph 6:** We found 19% (n=21 out of 111) respondents use recreational drugs and 86% (n= 18 of 21) were 'happy with the extent to which they use these'.

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Updated July 2009. .TMH.